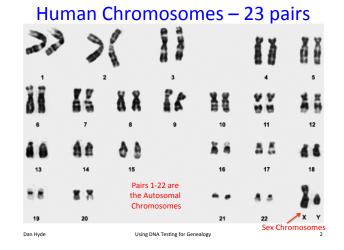
Using DNA Testing for Genealogy



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Presented at Jackson Brigade Reunion, Jackson's Mill, WV on July 25, 2014

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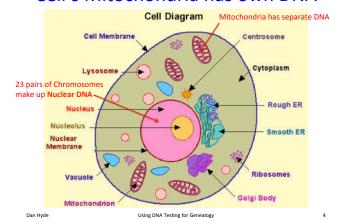


Facts about Nuclear DNA

- 23 pairs of Chromosomes make up Nuclear DNA
 - Over 3 billion base pairs or nucleotides.
 - Adenine (A), Cytosine (C), Guanine(G), and Thymine(T)
 - DNA is long sequence of the nucleotides.
 - The A-C-G-T letters
 - Single Nucleotide Polymorphism (SNP) "snip" a small genetic change that occurs within a DNA sequence, e.g., an A to a G. Occurs infrequently, e.g., once in several thousand years - used to determine Haplogroup (your ancient ancestry).
 - All humans share 99.5% of same DNA.

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Cell's Mitochondria has own DNA



Facts about a Cell's Mitochondria

- In a cell's cytoplasm, they provide energy for the cell.
 Hundreds in a cell.
- Mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA) genetic material passed from mothers to their children, but only daughters pass it on.
- About 16,000 base pairs and SNPs occur.
- · Useful for tracing direct maternal line.
- Valuable for identification of degraded remains, e.g., thousands of years old teeth.

DNA Tests useful for Genealogy

Called "Genetic Genealogy"

- #1. Y-DNA test looks at markers on Y chromosome
- #2. mtDNA test looks at markers in Mitochondrial DNA
- #3. Autosomal DNA test (atDNA)— looks at markers on chromosomes 1-22 (non sex ones).

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#1. Y-DNA test

- Men pass their Y-chromosome onto sons.
- · Looks at markers on man's Y-chromosome.
- Can test 12, 25, 37, 67, 111 markers.
- Markers are Short Tandem Repeats (STR)
 - In a non-coding region, a pattern such as "AGAT" is repeated. E.g., AGATAGATAGAT has 3 repeats.
 - STRs mutate relatively fast, say, once in 150 years.
 - Ex: marker DYS 393 is known to repeat "AGAT" from 9 to 17 times. John and Lee Jackson both have 13.
- · Only males can take test.

DNA Y-chromosome Sequence

• Y-DNA 67 test costs about \$265.

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Henry J. Jackson Jr. b. 11 Aug 1813, W. d. 24 Jul 1865, Racine, Mason Co., W. Mary Elizabeth Hyre b. 4 Jun 1784, Upshur Co., W. d. 17 Jan 1835, Upshur Co., W. d. 17 Jan 1835, Upshur Co., W. d. 17 Jan 1835, Upshur Co., W. d. 27 Mar 1841, Lewis Co., VA. d. 22 Jul 1852, Upshur Co., VA. d. 23 Jul 1852, Upshur Co., VA. d. 24 Jul 1852, Upshur Co., VA. d. 25 Jul 1852, Upshur Co., VA. d. 25 Jul 1852, Upshur Co., VA. d. 25 Jul 1852, Upshur Co., VA. d. 26 Jul 1852, Upshur Co., VA. d. 27 Mar 1841, Lewis Co., VA. d. 28 Jul 1852, Upshur Co., VA. d. 29 Jul 1852, Upshur Co., VA. d. 20 Jul 1852, Upshur Co.,

More on Y-DNA Test

Advantage: Y-DNA follows surname path in most cultures.

Limitation: Only supplies information about a few ancestors!
Ex: 5 generations back, a male has 62 ancestors (parents, grandparents, etc.).
Y-DNA test is only useful for the six direct males (man, his Dad, his Dad, etc.).

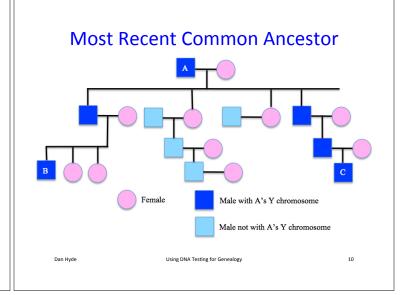
Y-DNA testing provides **no** information on the other **56** ancestors!

Result on its own reveals little. Matches with others are key!

Y-DNA test is still very useful!

- Can verify paper trail along surname path.
- Can show two surname lines are closely related.
- Can help determine father in an adoption or illegitimacy case.
- Can help identify the Most Recent Common Ancestor (MRCA).

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Y-DNA Results of John M. and Lee

First 25 markers of 67 for Lee Jackson (first line) and John M. Jackson (second line):



66 of 67 markers are the same. Marker DSY534 differs Lee: 14 John: 15 66/67 means with 95% probability MRCA in last 8 generations.

From paper trail:

Lee is descendant from John Jackson, Jr. and 6 generations from John Jackson. John M. is descendant from Henry Jackson and 8 generations from John Jackson.

Confirms paper trail – no "hidden" adoptions, hanky-panky, surname changes, or major research errors. **Confirms Y-DNA for John Jackson** and all his direct male descendants including Stonewall Jackson.

See the full 67 marker Y-DNA results at FTDNA's Jackson DNA Group's website: http://www.familytreedna.com/public/Jackson/default.aspx?section=yresults Look for label near bottom: R1b1a2_John_Jackson-Elizabeth Cummins_Lineage

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Samuel Lewis Hays Case

- Family tradition Samuel Lewis Hays (1794-1871) was illegitimate son of George Jackson, son of John Jackson.
- Dan contacted by Jason Hickman, descendant of Samuel Lewis Hays. Excitement about resolving Samuel Lewis Hays' case.
- Jason's paternal grandmother was Hannah Mace. Her grandfather was the illegitimate son of Peregrine Hays, son of Samuel Lewis Hays.
- Jason's cousin Don Mace took DNA test and to everyone's surprise he exactly matches several Sharpes!

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Samuel Lewis Hays Case (cont.)

- Gilmer Co., WV divorce proceedings dissolved Jason's 3rd Great Grandmother, Anne Helmick's marriage to Timothy McCune. In it, Anne's husband Timothy McCune and several witnesses testifying on his behalf reveal that she was living with Peregrine Hays and had been for several years. From this affair several children were born. Jason's 2nd Great Grandfather Peregrine Mace's birth entry lists Perry Hays as his father.
- The recent DNA match with the Sharpes proves this false and makes Jason believe that Anne was familiar with her final husband Daniel Sharpe long before they were married in the 1860s.

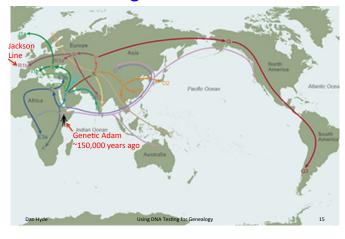
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#2. mtDNA Test

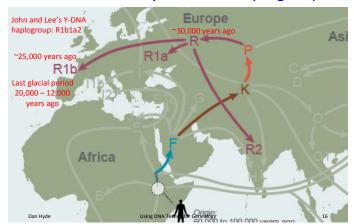
- Looks at markers in Mitochondrial DNA.
- Genetic material passed from mothers to their children, but only daughters pass it on.
- About 16,000 base pairs and SNPs occur.
- Somewhat useful for tracing direct maternal line.
 BUT mutates too slowly for genealogy.
- Used by genetic anthropologists to trace female migration paths.
- More stable. Valuable for identification of degraded remains, e.g., thousands of years old teeth.
- Both males and females can take test. Cost \$200

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Human Migration Paths - Males



Ancient Ancestry – Y-DNA Haplogroups



#3. Autosomal DNA Test - Newest

- Looks at markers on chromosomes 1-22 (non sex ones).
- We inherit a mix of autosomal DNA from both parents (about 50% each) but it is shuffled and diluted with each new generation.
- atDNA is scrambled when woman's egg and man's sperm are made.
- You share about 50% atDNA with a sister or brother but a <u>different</u> 50% with each sibling!
- Share 25% of a grandparent's; 12.5% g-grandparent's; etc.
- Back more than 5 generations too diluted to be useful.
- Share 12.5% with 1st cousin; 3% with 2nd cousin; 0.05% 5th cousin
- Can determine if close relative, e.g., g-aunt, is a full or half relative.
- Can determine if g-grandpa and g-grandma were first cousins.

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Autosomal DNA Test (cont.)

- Good for finding matches up to 5th cousins.
- Common ancestor with a 5th cousin is a ggg-grandparent.
- **Problem:** Need to determine as many descendants from your 32 ggg-grandparents as possible.
 - Say, on average, 5 children from each union live to marry and have children that's 12,480 possible people to research in the resulting four generations! Yipes!
- Both males and females can take test. Cost \$99 at FTDNA.
 - FTDNA calls Family Finder
 - 23andMe calls Relative Finder
 - Ancestry.com calls AncestryDNA

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Taking DNA Test is Easy!

- DNA tests used in Genealogy uses special markers that reveal no sensitive medical information or information useful to Police. No fear of Police pounding on your door!
- Scrape inside of cheek and mail the swab in.
 - Some companies use saliva sample.
- Done in comfort of your home.
- Hardest part is not eating or drinking for the hour before! ©

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Taking DNA Test is Easy!



Kit from Family Tree DNA

Using DNA Testing for Genealogy

Taking DNA Test is Easy!



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DNA Testing Companies

- Family Tree DNA focuses on DNA for genealogy.
 - Y-DNA; mtDNA; haplogroups; SNPs; atDNA (Family Finder) 700,000 markers; swab test
- Ancestry.com focuses on genealogy.
 - atDNA only, 700,000 markers; saliva sample.
- 23andMe focuses on health issues and genealogy.
 - atDNA (Relative Finder), haplogroups tens of thousands of markers; saliva sample.
- Gen 2.0 focuses on human migration patterns.
 - National Geographic Project
 - SNP tests to determine Haplogroups (ancient ancestry)
 - swab test

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Resources

Websites

Jackson Brigade's DNA Project - http://www.jacksonbrigade.com/dna-project/ International Society of Genetic Genealogy (ISOGG) - http://www.isogg.org Family Tree DNA - https://www.familytreedna.com

Ancestry DNA - http://dna.ancestry.com

23andMe - https://www.23andme.com

Geno 2.0 - https://genographic.nationalgeographic.com

Books on Genetic Genealogy

- 1. Trace Your Roots with DNA: Using Genetic Tests to Explore your Family Tree by Megan Smolenyak and Ann Turner, Rodale, 2004. Best single book on subject.
- Hey, America, Your Roots are Showing by Megan Smolenyak, Citadel Press, 2012. Very good follow up of Megan's first book.
- DNA and Social Networking: A Guide to Genealogy in the Twenty-First Century by Debbie Kennett, The History Press, 2011. Very good book.
- Genetic Genealogy: The Basics and Beyond by Emily D. Aulicino, AuthorHouse. 2014. Not as good as Megan and Ann's book but discusses recent developments.

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Resources

Books on Ancient Ancestry

- The Seven Daughters of Eve by Bryan Sykes, Norton Press, 2001. National Bestseller, very readable book on the science that reveals our genetic ancestry.
- Saxons, Vikings, and Celts by Bryan Sykes, Norton Press, 2006. The genetic roots of Britain and Ireland. Very readable.
- Journey of Man: A Genetic Odyssey by Spencer Wells, Random House, 2002. Story of human origins in Africa and dispersals across the world.
- Deep Ancestry: Inside the Genographic Project by Spencer Wells, National Geographic, 2007. Describes the National Geographic's Genographic Project.

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